Rattlesnake Envenomation in Arizona

By Geoffrey Smelski, PharmD, DABAT Clinical Education Director





1. Biology & Mythbusting

- Rattlesnake Behavior
- Venom



- AzPDIC
- Snake Season

3. Pre-Hospital Interventions

Do's & Don'ts

4. Inpatient Course

- Diagnosis: Laboratory vs Clinical
- Treatment: Antivenom & Supportive Care
- Discharge Criteria

5. Outpatient Follow-Up Care

- · Venom Recrudesce Monitoring
- Physical Recovery
- Psychiatric Sequelae
- Financial Burden





Who is the AzPDIC?



- Physicians / Pharmacists / Public Health: 24/7/365
 - Clinical Care: 14 counties, 63 hospitals
 - Medications / chemicals / radiation
 - Drugs of abuse
 - Environmental / occupational
 - Bites & stings / plant / mushrooms
 - Exposure during pregnancy / lactation
 - Public Health: surveillance / education
 - Clinical Education: students / residents / fellows
 - Research:
 - Over 200 publications, posters, abstracts and newsletters on rattlesnakes to date.
 - Participated in clinical trials for both FDA approved rattlesnake antivenoms as well as the current PLA2 Inhibitor.









AzPDIC Research

Spring 2020, work began developing a Toxicosurveillance network and data registry for rattlesnake bites.

To date, ≈ 4,500 cases reviewed, spanning a quarter century of data.

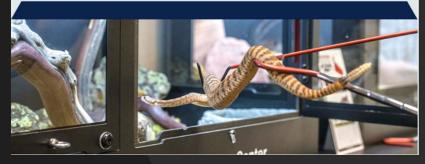
For comparison, phase 2 & 3 studies for Crofab & Anavip, included a combined total of 156 patients.



NEWS FROM THE PIT

Arizona Poison and Drug Information Center





MONTHLY NEWSLETTERS

~ 2022

January - Bleeding Out (hemotoxicity from rattlesnake venom)

February - The Things We Do For Blood (management of bleeding in rattlesnake envenomations)

March - Keeping Thin (antiplatelets and anticogulants in rattlesnake envenomation)

April - Platelets and Pain (NSAIDs in rattlesnake envenomation)

May - Bothrops lanceolatus (the snake that literally gives you a heart attack)

June - It's in the Blood: DIC and VICC

July - Thick and Thin (treatment of thrombosis in snake envenomation)

August - Platelets and Fibrinogen

September - Antivenom Index



azpoison.com/content/news-pit



Western Diamondback
Crotalus atrox



Mojave Rattlesnake *Crotalus scutulatus*

Arizona Black Crotalus cerberus Sidewinder Crotalus cerastes



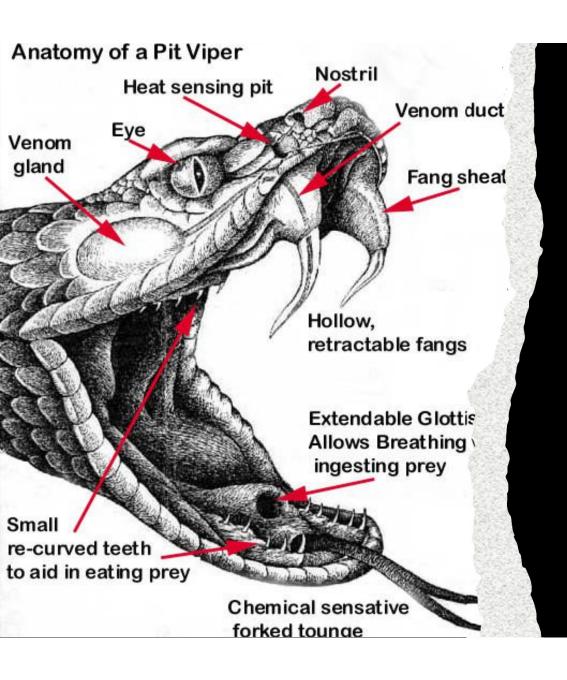
Black-tailed Crotalus molossus



Rock Rattlesnake
Crotalus lepidus

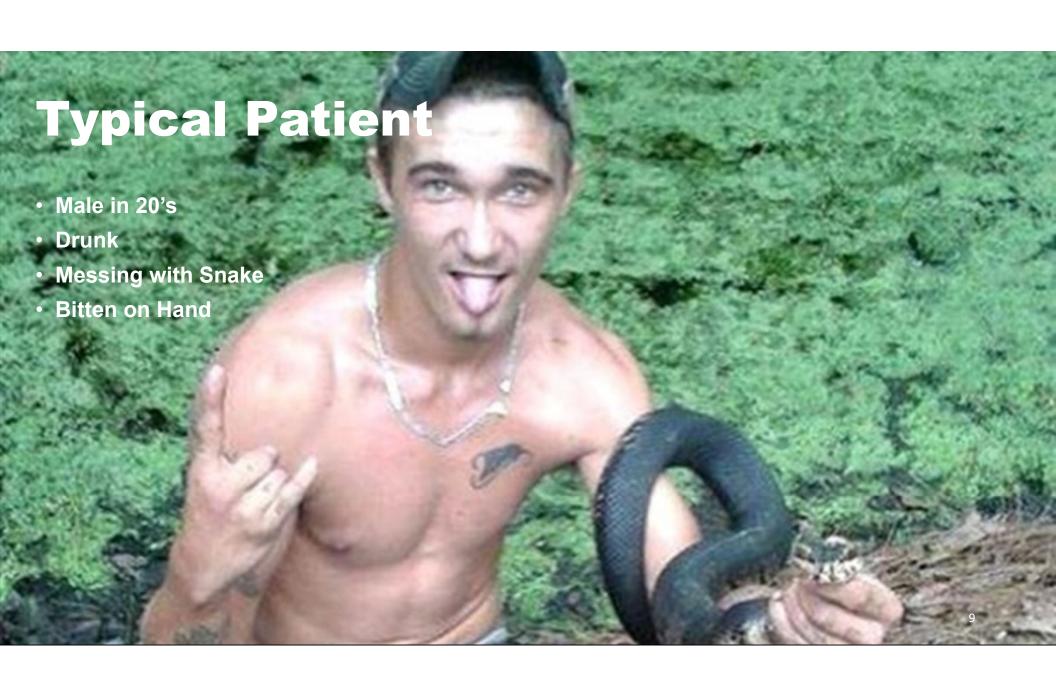


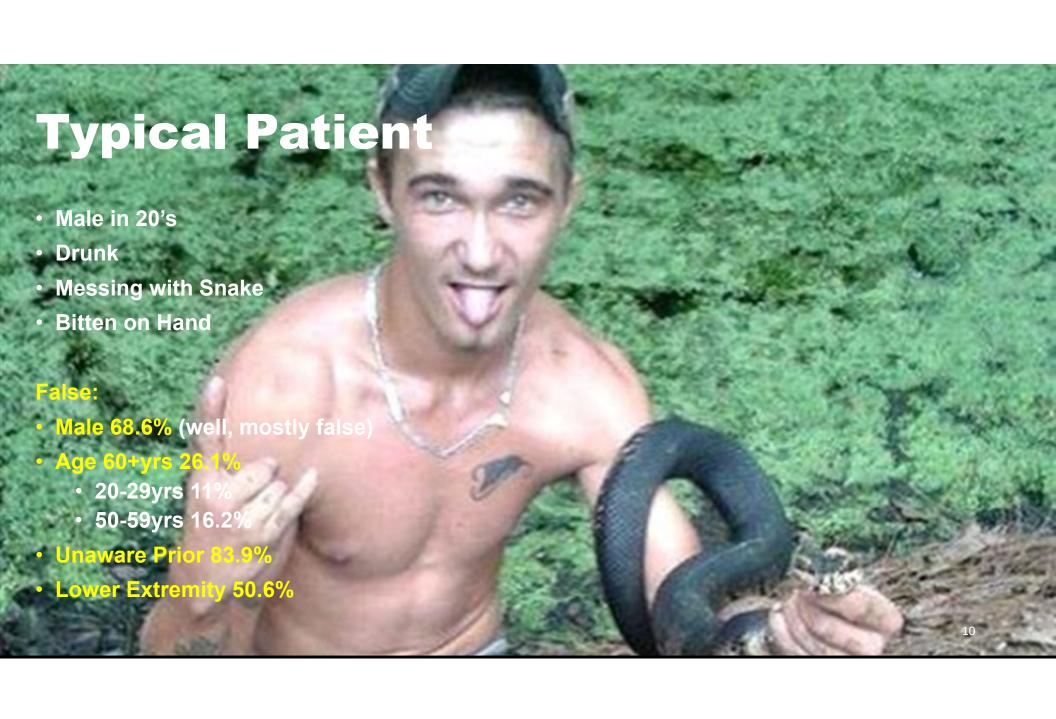
Tiger Rattlesnake
Crotalus tigris



Rattlesnake Features

- Triangular Head
- Elliptical Pupils
- Heat Sensing Pits
- Fangs
- Forked Tongue
- Rattle











The Life of a Rattlesnake

- Predator Avoidance
- Breeding Season
- Temperature Dependent
 - Hot -> Shelter
 - Cold -> Hibernate
 - Warm -> Bask
 - Rain -> Drink
- Ambush Predator
 - Strike, Release, Track, Eat
 - Venom Immobilizes Prey



When Do Snakebites Happen?





When Do Snakebites Happen?

Time of Day

16:00-22:00 49.5%

Time of Year

Aug-Sept 39.3%

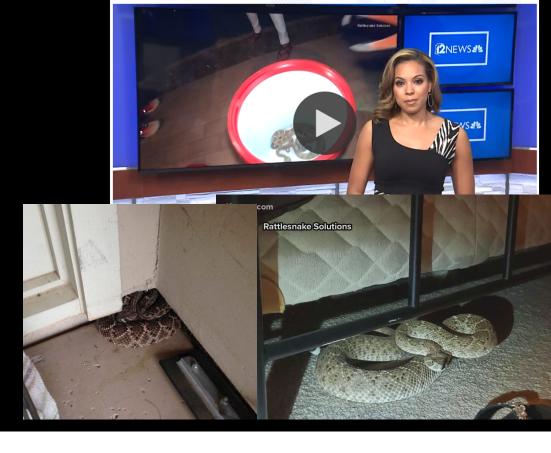
Location

At Home 60.8%

ANIMAL

Why August is birthing season for mother rattlesnakes

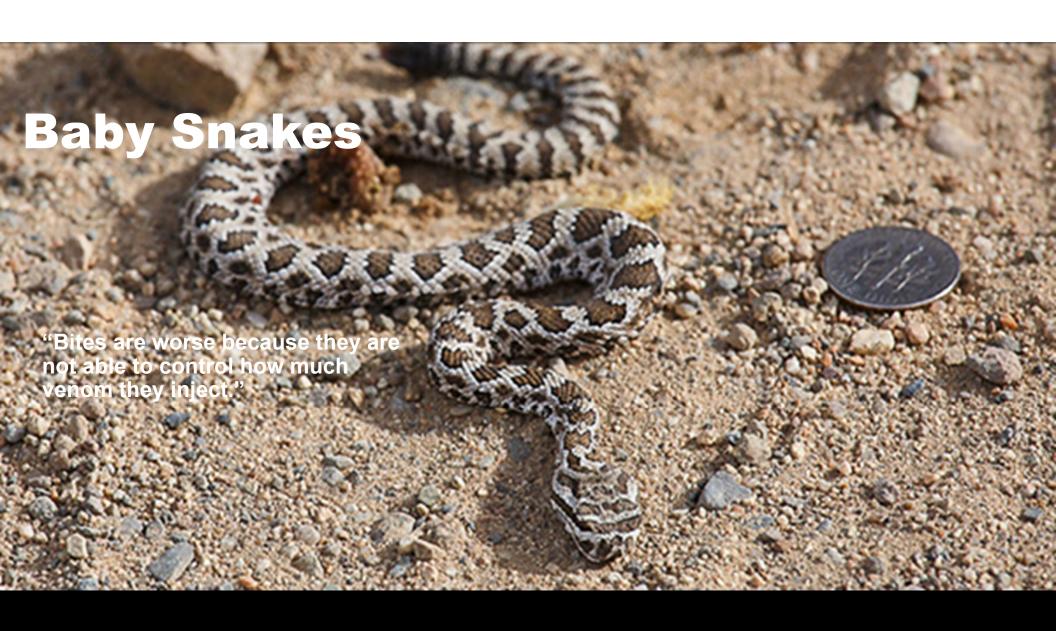
The monsoon storms signal to mother snakes that now is the time to give birth to their babies.

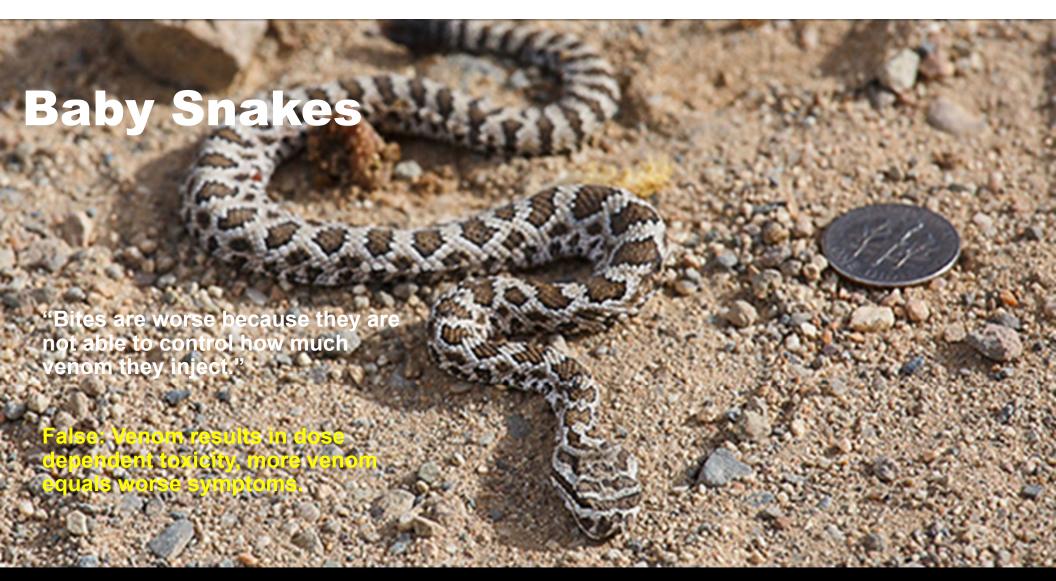


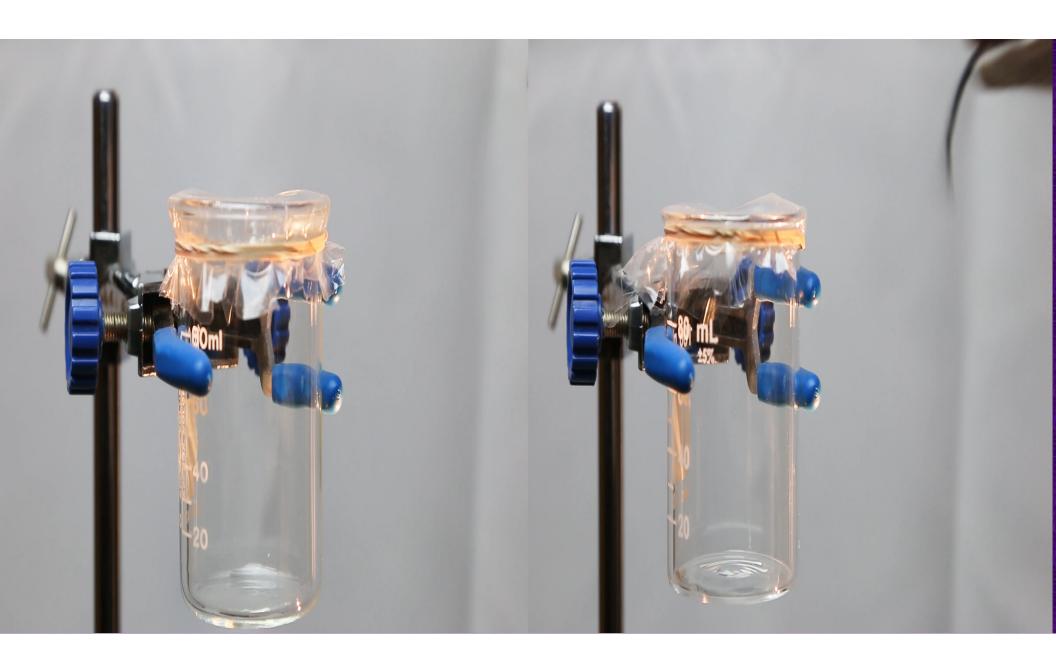
Situational Awareness

Avoid Being Our Next Patient....

- Don't put your hands or feet in places that you can't clearly see
- Keep doors to your house / garage closed
- When you see one, leave it alone or have it professionally removed









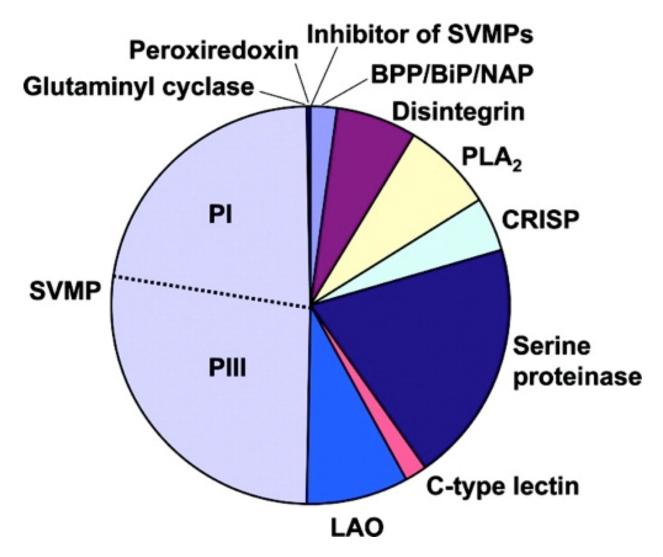
Venom Composition

Varies by species, diet, age, and geography.

Enzymatic toxins mimic endogenous enzymes or generate oxidative damage.

Non-enzymatic toxing disrupt cell signaling.

Dose Dependent Toxicity







True Dry Bites = No AV ≈5%

Minor Bites: ARE NOT PREDICTABLE

Case History

- Arrived at hospital < 1-hr
- AV held 4hrs for "minor" bite
- Rapid decompensation
- Necessitating transfer
- AV first given at 8hrs

AV IS PREVENTATIVE

Winnemucca toddler dies after being bitten by rattlesnake



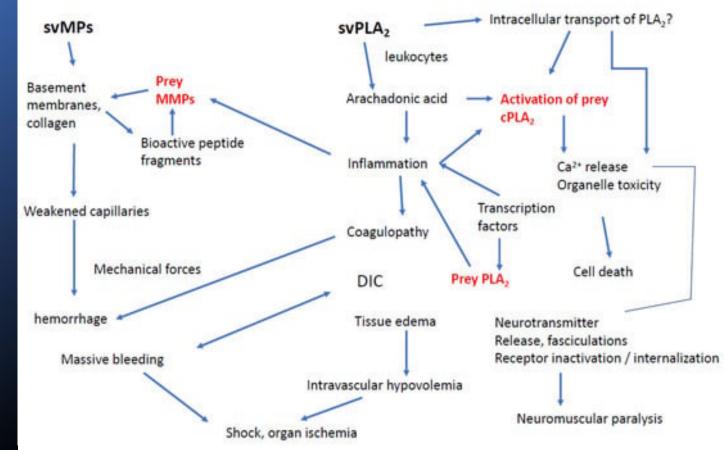
Three-year-old Alyssa Johnson died after being bitten by a rattlesnake in the Sonoma Canyon recreation area.

atrumble

Wednesday, May 20, 2020

Venom Amplification

Amplification of snake venom metalloproteinase and phospholipase toxicity by endogenous signaling systems





Pre-Hospital Care

Proposed "Treatment" Modalities

- Restrict Venom
 - Tourniquet
 - Pressure Bandage
 - Ice
- Remove Venom
 - Suck it Out
 - Cut it Out
- Destroy Venom
 - Electricity
 - Heat
- Not Sure.....?
 - CBD Oil



Pre-Hospital Care

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Increase Tissue Injury



"Self Treatment" is NOT an option

