

Disclosures and Funding Support

No relevant conflicts of interest to disclose

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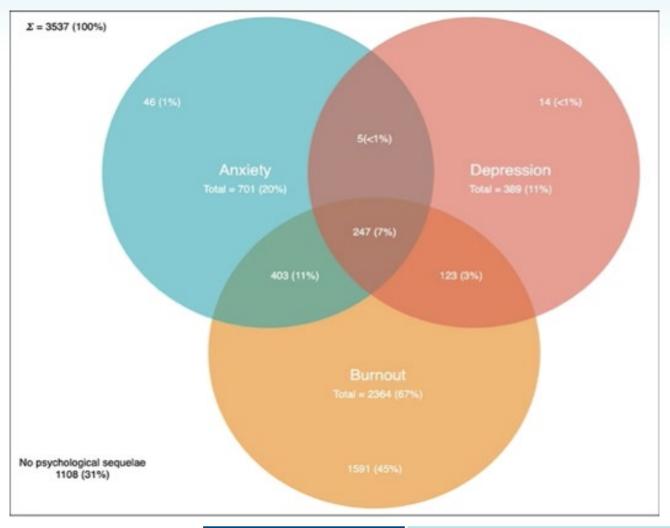
Impact of COVID-19 on HCW





Psychologic Impact of COVID-19 on HCW







Mental Health of ICU staff at the UPenn Health System

Sample Size	Females	Doctors	APPs	RTs	Pharmacists
296	58%	25%	35%	34%	6%

	Depression	Burnout
Doctors	30%	56%
APPs	47%	68%
RTs	57%	74%
Pharmacists	56%	67%
Total	46%	67%

	Burnout
Survey #1	56 %
Survey #2	60 %
Survey #3	71 %



Personal Account

COVID Cohort ICU

Tier 1 Staffing Model: Goal is to approximate normal care operations, to be used as long as provider bandwidth will allow it. As volume increases, additional teams using the Tier 1 team structure (see below) will be created.

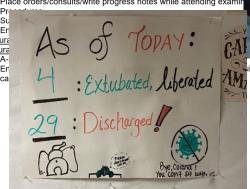
General Principles:

- 1. 7 day blocks of coverage for patient continuity and to limit the number of providers
- 2. Daytime attending staffing model
- 3. Up to 14-16:1 patient:attending ratio

Tier 1 Team Structure

Day Coverage

- 1. Attending Physician
 - a. Team leadership
 - b. Cognitive input/bedside management
 - c. Intubations
 - d. Bronchoscopy
 - e. Family communication
- 2. Fellow (will not have bandwidth to support each team with a CC fellow)
 - a. Team leadership
 - b. Cognitive input/bedside management
 - c. Procedures
 - d. Med-surg consultation/triage
 - e. Family relations
- Senior provider
 - a. Prerounds data gathering via EPIC and Virtual Check-ins with nur
 - b. Present patients during multidisciplinary rounds
 - c. Place orders/consults/write progress notes while attending examir
 - d. Procedures
 - e. Support second provider
 - f. Admissions
 - g. Envision umedicine and/or anesthesia residents
- 4. Second provider (to be added to the team, once census it too high for ser alone, likely 6-8 patient range)
 - a. Prerounds data gathering via EPIC and Virtual Check-ins with nur
 - b. Present patients during multidisciplinary rounds
 - c. Place orders/consults/write progress notes while attending examir
 - d. Pr
 - e. Su
- Procedura







MUSC Telehealth Pandemic Response Plan

Project	Overall Mission	Goal	Owners	Brief Description	Metrics of Success
Ambulatory Care Conversion to Telehealth	Maximize ambulatory clinic volume while ensuring patient safety	1. >80% of prepandemic ambulatory visit volume (tele+in-person=3,562 visits) 2. 100% prepandemic ambulatory visit volume (80% via tele) 3. 80% of telehealth visits video vsphone Milestone: 1,480 tele-visit increase/day	Physician Lead(s): Dr. Jimmy McElligott Dr. Peter Zwerner Operational Lead: Ellen Debenham	Ambulatory office visits transitioned to in-home video visits so our patients can continue to receive the care they need while minimizing the risk for of exposure by coming into an office setting.	Utilization: -Percent clinic volume maintained -Daily and weekly increase in tele visits -Proportion of volume that is video vs phone Satisfaction: net promoter score Quality/Efficiency: completed visits/total scheduled visits Cost Effectiveness: restored revenues STAGE: 1-2
	Streamline patient	Become portal of	Physician Lead:	Streamlined VUC tool discontinuous	Utilization: # of citizens screened #of patients sent for testing/ #tests in SC
				for ly	-Volume -Proportion sent for testing





MUSC Resiliency Program

Individual Support Sessions

Leadership Consultation

HRSA funded Telehealth Center of Excellence Tailored
Integrated
Group/Unit
Action Plans

Webinars/Work shops



Dr. Alyssa Rheingold, Ph.D. Professor, Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences

Summary of Tailored Integrated Group/Unit

Twelve hospital-based units, seven ambulatory units, three other clinical teams

- 282 HCWs participated in individual brief interviews/focus groups
- 288 HCWs participated in brief self-report surveys

Demographics

Profession: 73% nurses

Years Experience:

24% <2 years

34% 2-5 years

22% 6-10 years

20% >10 years





Summary of Tailored Integrated Group/Unit

Themes from individual interviews and focus groups note factors associated with stress and burnout included:

- staffing issues
- feeling unappreciated
- changing protocols related to COVID-19
- team communication issues.
- Few HCWs practice self-care at work.
- HCWs noted limited ability to take breaks or discomfort in taking breaks due to lack of trust or increase team member's workloads.





MUSC Telehealth Resilience and Recovery Program

Educate and Enroll patients in TRRP

Step 2

Step1

Track Emotional Recovery

Step 3

30-Day Mental Health Phone Screen

Step 4

Comprehensive Mental Health Assessment

Step 5

Delivery of Best Practice Treatment

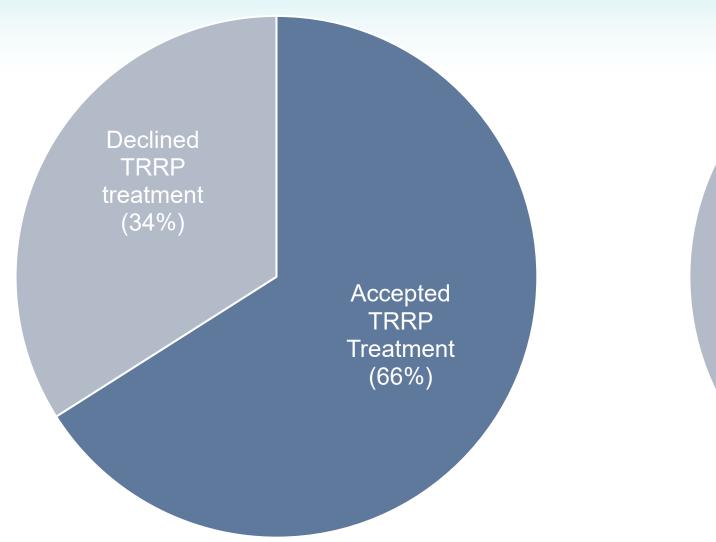


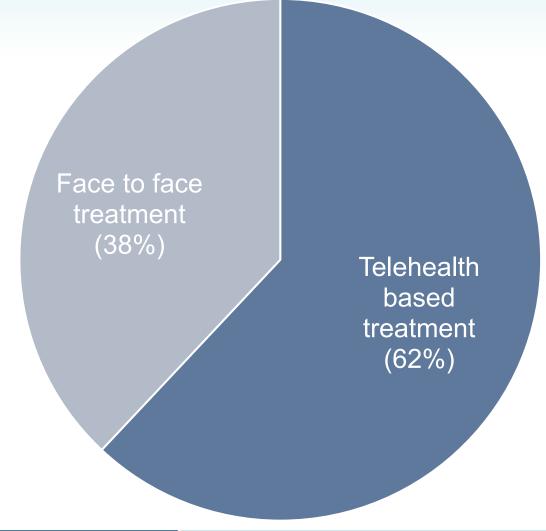
Dr. Kenneth Ruggiero, Ph.D. Professor of Nursing Director of TRRP

HRSA funded Telehealth Center of Excellence

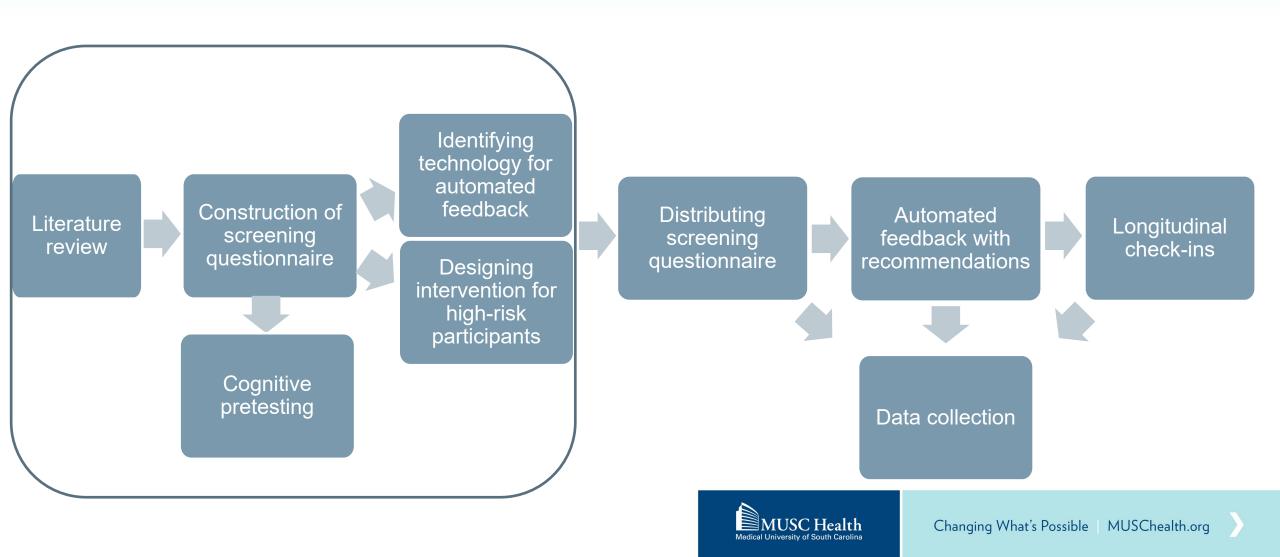


Uptake and Preferences of Patients with Positive Screens





A Telehealth Approach to Mitigating ICU HCW distress.



Domain	Tool	Number of Questions	Duration of Administration	Score Range
Sleep disturbance	PROMIS	8	Last 7 days	8-40
Depression	PHQ-9	9	Last 2 weeks	0-27
Anxiety	GAD-7	7	Last 2 weeks	0-21
PTSD	PCL5	8	Last 30 days	0-80
Resiliency	CD-RISC-10	10	Last 30 days	0-40
Alcohol Use	AUDIT-C	3	Last 1 year	0-12
Burnout	OBI ¹⁷	16	N/A	16-64
Total Question Number		61		

Buysse, et.al *Sleep*, June 2010; Kroenke K, et.al *J Gen Intern Med, 2001;* Spitzer RL et.al . *Arch Intern Med. 2006;* Blevins, C, et.al, Journal of Traumatic Stress, 2015; Connor, et.al, Depression Anxiety, 2003; Bush K, et.al, Arch Internal Med, 1998; Demerouti, et.al, J Appl Psychol, 2001



Technology Considerations (KISS)

- REDCap
- Institutional email listservs
- Twilio
- Video conferencing











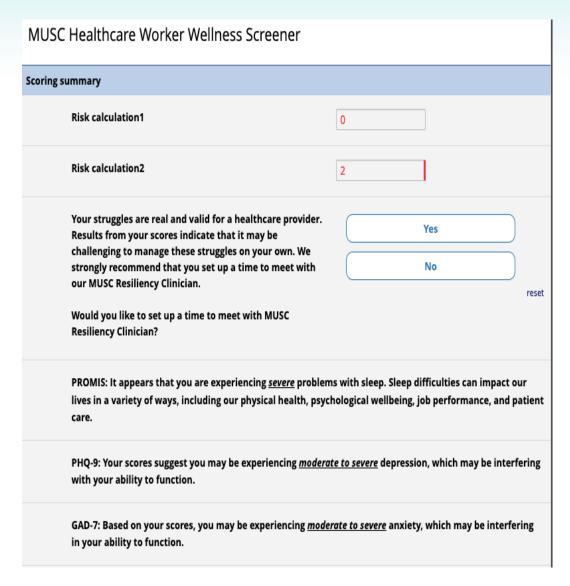
Overall Timeline

Initial Weekly 30-day Weekly 60-day Weekly 90-day Screening Check-ins Screen

- Initial Screen
 - Contact information
 - 61 screening questions
 - 6 demographic questions
- Real-time response scoring (back-end analytics in REDCap)
 - Pre-specified thresholds → response
 - Option to request meeting with resiliency counselor 1:1
- Weekly Check-ins with
 - 6 screening questions
 - Self help tips and video



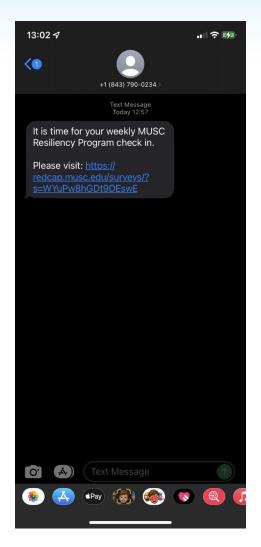
Full Screener (Employee e-mail via REDCap)

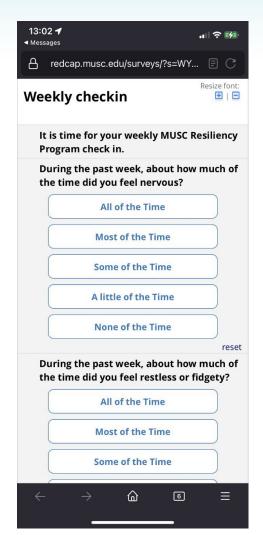


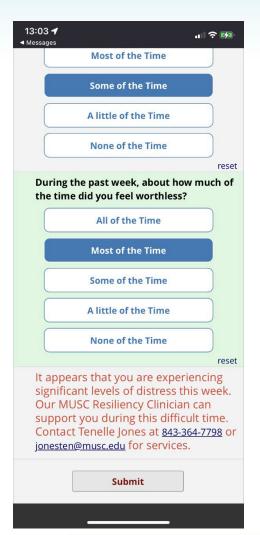
PCL-5: Your scores indicate that you may be experiencing a <u>clinically significant</u> level of posttraumatic stress disorder, or PTSD. You are not alone. Higher scores on from this screener are associated with the presence of PTSD but are not a substitute for diagnosis by a trained clinician.			
	t in your current position at work. Sometimes when related activities or feel exhausted from responsibilities. es, increased risk of anxiety, depression, and PTSD.		
What is your discipline?	~		
Do you work in shifts?	Yes No reset		
What is your age group?	•		
What is your Gender?	~		
Are you of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity?	•		
What is your race? Please check all that apply.	+ American Indian or Alaskan Native + Asian + Black or African American + Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander + White		

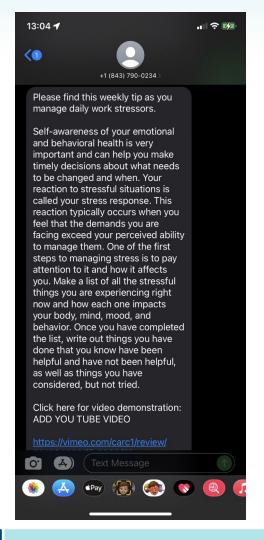


Weekly Check-Ins (Text to Cell via Twilio)











Screener Distribution

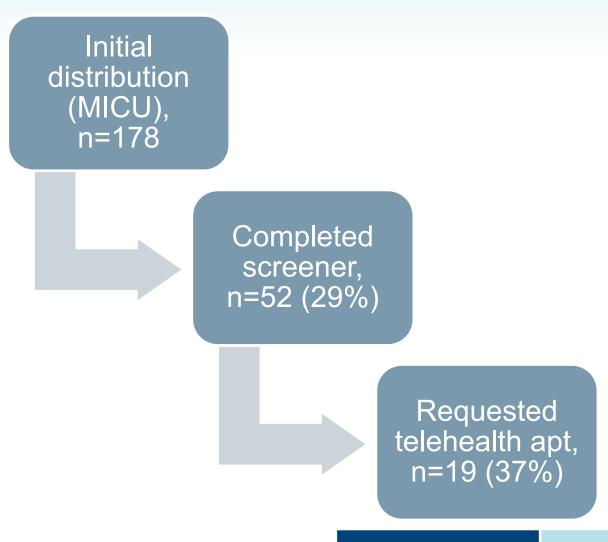
Initial Units: MICU, AICU, MSICU

 ICU RNs, RTs, PCTs, PCCM Faculty and Fellows, Anesthesia CCM Faculty and Fellows, Internal Medicine Residents.

Estimated Sample Size of ~300



Initial Program Uptake





Acknowledgements



Andrew Goodwin MD., MSCR Professor of Medicine, MICU Director



Tenelle Jones, LMFT, LAC Resiliency Program Counselor



Nihar Shah, MBBS Pulmonary & Critical Care Fellow







Thank you for your time Questions?

Test our Screener!!



